

Chapter 47

Oceanic distribution ranges and conservation status of extant soft and hard reef coral genera

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ABSTRACT

An updated taxonomic overview is presented of extant genera of soft and hard reef corals. Of each genus and subgenus the known circum-tropical oceanic distribution (presence or absence) is indicated over six regions: West Indian Ocean, East Indian Ocean, West-Central Pacific, East Pacific, West Atlantic, and East Atlantic. In addition, the conservation status of each genus is given with regard to international trade (CITES) and whether it has been assessed against the Categories and Criteria of the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. The totals of 126 soft coral genera (mostly Alcyonaceae) and 125 hard coral genera (predominantly Scleractinia) have been analyzed with regard to their distribution ranges. The West-Central Pacific is the oceanic region that is richest in genera of both reef-dwelling soft and hard corals. The most common range among the genera is the Indo-West Pacific, from the West Indian Ocean to the West-Central Pacific.

INTRODUCTION

Knowledge on the taxonomy and biogeography of reef corals has improved to a great extent in the last 40 years, which is partly due to an improved accessibility to coral reefs by the availability of SCUBA and the strong expansion of diving tourism. Besides sport divers, also increasing numbers of aquarium hobbyists have become interested in the biology of corals.

This increased attention has resulted in intensified collecting and traffic in corals. Therefore, international shipping of stony corals became regulated by the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (www1). Through CITES, the international export and import of stony corals has become restricted by annual quota for species (Wabnitz *et al.*, 2003), but this does not limit domestic trade within the countries of origin. However, public awareness of the extinction risk of specific coral species collected from the wild has also stimulated the development of coral farming.

Besides coral trade, which aims at particular wanted coral species (Wabnitz *et al.*, 2003), more general threats to coral conservation

exist, such as destructive fisheries, coral mining, siltation, and global climate change (Hoeksema, 1997, 2004). Shallow-living reef corals in particular are subject to bleaching, which may also include species popular in aquariums, like for instance mushroom corals (Hoeksema, 1991). Because more awareness is needed for the conservation of threatened coral species, reef-dwelling stony corals were subject of an assessment of their extinction risk according to the protocols of the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (www2). This was the first species-level assessment of reef corals against Red List Categories and Criteria, which was conducted by teams of coral specialists during workshops organized by the Global Marine Species Assessment (Carpenter *et al.*, 2008a,b, www3).

More detailed information is available on the biogeography and biodiversity of stony corals than on soft coral species (Hoeksema, 2007). This is mostly due to the more elaborate method used to identify soft corals, i.e., microscopic study of specially prepared sclerites (Bayer *et al.*, 1983; Fabricius and Alderslade, 2001;

Ofwegen, 2005), instead of an examination of the overall skeleton morphology of cleaned stony corals (e.g. Hoeksema, 1989; Hoeksema and Best, 1991; Cairns and Hoeksema, 1993; Wallace, 1999; Razak and Hoeksema, 2003). Some coral genera contain species that may be reef-dwelling (hermatypic) as well as non-reef-dwelling (ahermatypic) (e.g. Cairns, 2006), but this does not affect the eventual outcome of the present results. Besides, it is relevant to note that the diversity pattern at species level of deep-water scleractinians is very similar to that of shallow-water species (Cairns, 2007).

RESULTS

We present a list of reef coral genera, based on their present-day taxonomic classification and status (see notes underneath list). For each genus and subgenus, we indicate in which oceans they occur, altogether divided into six regions (Table 1). The classification and distribution ranges are predominantly based on earlier works (Wells, 1956; Cairns *et al.*, 1999; Cairns *et al.*, 2008; Veron, 2000; Fabricius and

Alderslade, 2001; Hoeksema and Ofwegen, 2004; Daly *et al.*, 2007; Cairns *et al.*, 2008; Ofwegen *et al.*, 2008).

Soft corals in the present analysis are predominantly Alcyonacea (subclass Octocorallia). Most stony corals are anthozoans belonging to the order Scleractinia (subclass Hexacorallia) and to the families Helioporidae and Tubiporidae (both subclass Octocorallia). Additional stony reef coral genera in the present report belong to the hydrozoan families Milleporidae (Subclass Anthoathecatae: Order Capitata) and Stylasteridae (Subclass Athecatae: Order Filifera). The classification of Scleractinia at suborder level, which has been stable for many years since Wells' (1956) revision, has recently become a subject of debate due to the application of molecular techniques that give a new insight into phylogenetic relationships (Veron *et al.*, 1996; Fukami *et al.*, 2004).

Among soft corals, molecular studies have especially helped to get more clarity on the division and relationships between genera (e.g. McFadden *et al.*, 2006; Groenenberg and Ofwegen, 2007).

Table 1: List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

Explanation of list:

Oceanic distribution range:	WI	= West Indian Ocean
	EI	= East Indian Ocean
	WCP	= West and Central Pacific Ocean
	EP	= East Pacific Ocean
	WA	= West Atlantic Ocean
	EA	= East Atlantic Ocean
Conservation status:	C	= CITES Appendix 2 (www1)
	I	= in IUCN Red List assessment (www2)
Notes:	1-11	= See end of the list

Infrakingdom **Coelenterata** Leuckart, 1847
 Phylum **Cnidaria** Hatschek, 1888
 Superclass **Anthozoa** (Ehrenberg, 1831) Cavalier-Smith, 1998
 Class **Anthozoa** Ehrenberg, 1831

 Subclass **Octocorallia** Haeckel, 1866
 Order **Helioporacea** Bock, 1938 (= **Coenothecalia** Bourne, 1895)

Family **Helioporidae** Moseley, 1876
Heliopora de Blainville, 1830

WI EI WCP - - - C I

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

Order Alcyonacea Lamouroux, 1816									
Suborder Stolonifera Hickson, 1883									
Family Acrossotidae Bourne, 1914									
<i>Acrossota</i> Bourne, 1914	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family Clavulariidae Hickson, 1894									
<i>Carijoa</i> Müller, 1867	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-	-
<i>Cervera</i> Lopez-Gonzalez <i>et al.</i> , 1995	-	-	WCP?	-	-	EA	-	-	1
<i>Clavularia</i> Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Knopia</i> Alderslade & McFadden, 2007	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Moolabalia</i> Alderslade, 2001	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Paratelesto</i> Utinomi, 1958	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Telesto</i> Lamouroux, 1812	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-	-
Family Coelogorgiidae Bourne, 1900									
<i>Coelogorgia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family Tubiporidae Ehrenberg, 1828									
<i>Tubipora</i> Linnaeus, 1758	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
Suborder Alcyoniina Lamouroux, 1816									
Family Xeniidae Verrill, 1864									
<i>Anthelia</i> Lamarck, 1816	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Asterospicularia</i> Utinomi, 1951	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bayerxenia</i> Alderslade, 2001	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Cespitularia</i> Milne-Edwards, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Efflatounaria</i> Gohar, 1934	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Funginus</i> Tixier-Durivault, 1970	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Heteroxenia</i> Kölliker, 1874	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Ingotia</i> Alderslade, 2001	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Ixion</i> Alderslade, 2001	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Orangaslia</i> Alderslade, 2001	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Ovabunda</i> Alderslade, 2001	WI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Sansibia</i> Alderslade, 2000	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Sympodium</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Xenia</i> Lamarck, 1816	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family Paralcyoniidae Gray 1869									
<i>Ceeceenus</i> Ofwegen & Benayahu, 2006	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Studeriotis</i> Thomson & Simpson, 1909	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family Alcyoniidae Lamouroux, 1812									
<i>Alcyonium</i> Linnaeus, 1758	-	-	-	-	-	EA	-	-	2
<i>Bellonella</i> Gray, 1862	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Cladiella</i> Gray, 1869	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Eleutherobia</i> Pütter, 1909	WI	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Klyxum</i> Alderslade, 2000	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Lobophytum</i> von Marenzeller, 1886	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Paraminabea</i> Williams & Alderslade, 1999	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Rhytisma</i> Alderslade, 2000	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Sarcophyton</i> Lesson, 1834	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Sinularia</i> May, 1898	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Protodendron</i> Thomson & Dean, 1931	WI	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family Nephtheidae Gray, 1862									
<i>Capnella</i> Gray, 1869	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Chromonephthea</i> Ofwegen, 2006	-	EI	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-	3
<i>Dendronephthya</i> Kükenthal, 1905	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Lemnalia</i> Gray, 1868	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Leptophyton</i> Ofwegen & Schleyer, 1997	WI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

<i>Litophyton</i> Forskål, 1775	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Neospongodes</i> Kükenthal, 1905	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Nephthea</i> Andouin, 1828	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Paciphyton</i> Williams, 1997	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Paralemnalia</i> Kükenthal, 1913	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Scleronephthya</i> Studer, 1887	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Stereonephthya</i> Kükenthal, 1905	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Umbellulifera</i> Thomson & Dean, 1931	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Nidaliidae Gray, 1869								
<i>Chironephthya</i> Studer, 1887	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Nephtyigorgia</i> Kükenthal, 1910	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Nidalia</i> Gray, 1834	-	EI	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Nidaliopsis</i> Kükenthal, 1906	-	-	-	-	-	EA	-	-
<i>Siphonogorgia</i> Kölliker, 1874	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Suborder Scleraxonia Studer, 1887								
Family Anthothelidae Broch, 1916								
<i>Alertigorgia</i> Kükenthal, 1908	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Anthopodium</i> Verrill, 1872	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Diodogorgia</i> Kükenthal, 1919	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Erythropodium</i> Kölliker, 1865	-	-	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Iciligorgia</i> Duchassaing, 1870	-	-	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Solenocaulon</i> Gray, 1862	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Titanideum</i> Verrill, 1864	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
Family Briareidae Gray, 1859								
<i>Briareum</i> Blainville, 1834	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-
Family Melitheidae Gray, 1870								
<i>Acabaria</i> Gray, 1859	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Clathraria</i> Gray, 1859	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Melithaea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Mopsella</i> Gray, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Wrightella</i> Gray, 1870	WI	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Parisididae Aurivillius, 1931								
<i>Parisis</i> Verrill, 1864	WI	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Subergorgiidae Gray, 1859								
<i>Annella</i> Gray, 1858	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Subergorgia</i> Gray, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Keroeidae Kinoshita, 1910								
<i>Keroeides</i> (Studer & Wright), 1887	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Suborder Holaxonia Studer, 1887								
Family Acanthogorgiidae Gray, 1859								
<i>Acanthogorgia</i> Gray, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Anthogorgia</i> Verrill, 1868	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Muricella</i> Verrill, 1868	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Plexauridae Gray, 1859								
<i>Adelogorgia</i> Bayer, 1958	-	-	-	EP	-	-	-	-
<i>Astrogorgia</i> Verrill, 1868	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bebryce</i> Philippi, 1841	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Discogorgia</i> Kükenthal, 1919	WI	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Echinogorgia</i> Kölliker, 1865	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	-	-

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

<i>Echinomuricea</i> Verrill, 1869	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Eunicea</i> Lamouroux, 1816	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Euplexaura</i> Verrill, 1869	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Heterogorgia</i> Verrill, 1868	-	-	-	EP	-	-	-	-
<i>Menella</i> Gray, 1870	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Muricea</i> Lamouroux, 1821	-	-	-	EP	WA	-	-	-
<i>Muriceopsis</i> Aurivillius, 1931	-	-	-	-	WA	EA	-	-
<i>Paracis</i> Kükenthal, 1919	WI	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Paramuricea</i> Kölliker, 1865	-	-	-	-	-	EA	-	-
<i>Paraplexaura</i> Kükenthal, 1909	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Plexaura</i> Lamouroux, 1812	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Plexaurella</i> Kölliker, 1865	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Psammogorgia</i> Verrill, 1868	-	-	-	EP	-	-	-	-
<i>Pseudoplexaura</i> Wright & Studer, 1889	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Spinimuricea</i> Grasshoff, 1992	-	-	-	-	-	EA	-	-
<i>Thesea</i> Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860	-	-	-	EP	-	-	-	-
<i>Trimuricea</i> Gordon, 1926	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Villogorgia</i> Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Gorgoniidae Lamouroux, 1812								
<i>Eunicella</i> Verrill, 1869	-	-	-	-	-	EA	-	-
<i>Eugorgia</i> Verrill, 1868	-	-	-	EP	-	-	-	-
<i>Gorgonia</i> Linnaeus, 1758	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Guaiagorgia</i> Grasshoff & Alderslade, 1997	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Hicksonella</i> Nutting, 1910	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Leptogorgia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	-	-
<i>Pacifigorgia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1857	-	-	-	EP	WA	-	-	-
<i>Phycogorgia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1850	-	-	-	EP	-	-	-	-
<i>Phyllogorgia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1850	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Pinnigorgia</i> Grasshoff & Alderslade, 1997	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Pseudopterogorgia</i> Kükenthal, 1919	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Pterogorgia</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	-	-	-	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Rumphella</i> Bayer, 1955	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Suborder Calcaxonia Grasshoff, 1999								
Family Ellisellidae Gray, 1859								
<i>Ctenocella</i> Valenciennes, 1855	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Dichotella</i> Gray, 1870	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Ellisella</i> Gray, 1858	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	-	-
<i>Heliania</i> Gray, 1860	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Junceella</i> Valenciennes, 1855	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Nicella</i> Gray, 1870	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	-	-	-
<i>Verrucella</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1857	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Viminella</i> Gray, 1870	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Ifalukellidae Bayer, 1955								
<i>Ifalukella</i> Bayer, 1995	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Plumigorgia</i> Nutting, 1910	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Chrysogorgiidae Verrill, 1883								
<i>Stephanogorgia</i> Bayer & Muzik, 1976	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Primnoidae Gray, 1857								
<i>Plumarella</i> Gray, 1870	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
Family Isididae Lamouroux, 1812								
<i>Isis</i> Linnaeus, 1758	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Jasminisis</i> Alderslade, 1998	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Pteronisis</i> Alderslade, 1998	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Zignisis</i> Alderslade, 1998	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

Subclass Hexacorallia Haeckel, 1866 (= Zoantharia Hyman, 1940)									
Order Scleractinia Bourne, 1900 (= Madereporaria Milne Edwards & Haime, 1857)									
Suborder Astrocoeciina Vaughan & Wells, 1943									
Family Astrocoeniidae Koby, 1890									
<i>Madracis</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	EA	C	I	
<i>Palauastrea</i> Yabe & Sugiyama, 1941	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Stephanocoenia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849-	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Stylocoeniella</i> Yabe & Sugiyama, 1935	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
Family Pocilloporidae Gray, 1842									
<i>Pocillopora</i> Lamarck, 1816	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	C	I	
<i>Seriatopora</i> Lamarck, 1816	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Stylophora</i> Schweigger, 1819	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
Family Acroporidae Verrill, 1902									
<i>Acropora</i> Oken, 1815	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	-	C	I	4
<i>Anacropora</i> Ridley, 1884	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Astreopora</i> Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Enigmopora</i> Ditlev, 2003	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Isopora</i> Studer, 1878	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	4
<i>Montipora</i> Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
Suborder Fungiina Verrill, 1865									
Family Agariciidae Gray, 1847									
<i>Agaricia</i> Lamarck, 1801	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Coeloseris</i> Vaughan, 1918	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Gardineroseris</i> Scheer & Pillai, 1974	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	C	I	
<i>Leptoseris</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	-	C	I	5
<i>Pachyseris</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Pavona</i> Lamarck, 1801	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	C	I	
Family Siderastreidae Vaughan & Wells, 1943									
<i>Anomastrea</i> Marenzeller, 1901	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Coscinaraea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Horastrea</i> Pichon, 1971	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Psammocora</i> Dana, 1846	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	C	I	
<i>Pseudosiderastrea</i> Yabe & Sugiyama, 1935	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Siderastrea</i> Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	C	I	
Family Fungiidae Dana, 1846									
<i>Cantharellus</i> Hoeksema & Best, 1984	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Ctenactis</i> Verrill, 1864	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Fungia</i> Lamarck, 1801	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	C	I	
subgenus <i>Cycloseris</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849	WI	EI	WCP	EP	-	-	C	I	6, 7
subgenus <i>Danafungia</i> Wells, 1966	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	6
subgenus <i>Fungia</i> Lamarck, 1801	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	6
subgenus <i>Lobactis</i> Verrill, 1864	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	6
subgenus <i>Pleuractis</i> Verrill, 1864	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	6
subgenus <i>Verrillofungia</i> Wells, 1966	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	6
subgenus <i>Wellsifungia</i> Hoeksema, 1989	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	6
<i>Halomitra</i> Dana, 1846	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Heliofungia</i> Wells, 1966	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Herpolitha</i> Eschscholtz, 1825	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Lithophyllon</i> Rehberg, 1892	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Podabacia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Polyphyllia</i> de Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Sandalolitha</i> Quelch, 1884	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Zoopilus</i> Dana, 1846	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

Family Poritidae Gray, 1842									
<i>Alveopora</i> Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Calathiscus</i> Claereboudt & Al-Amri, 2004	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	8
<i>Goniopora</i> Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Porites</i> Link, 1807	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	C	I	
<i>Poritipora</i> Veron, 2000	WI	EI	-	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Stylaraea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1851	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
Suborder Faviina Vaughan & Wells, 1943									
Family Faviidae Gregory, 1900									
<i>Australogyra</i> Veron & Pichon, 1982	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Barabattoia</i> Yabe & Sugiyama, 1941	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Caulastrea</i> Dana, 1846	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Cladocora</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	-	-	-	-	WA	EA	C	I	
<i>Colpophyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Cyphastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Diploastrea</i> Matthai, 1914	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Diploria</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Echinopora</i> Lamarck, 1816	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Erythraea</i> Scheer & Pillai, 1983	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Favia</i> Oken, 1815	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	EA	C	I	9
<i>Favites</i> Link, 1807	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Goniastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Leptastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Leptoria</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Manicina</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Montastrea</i> de Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	EA	C	I	
<i>Moseleya</i> Quelch, 1884	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Oulastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Oulophyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Parasimplastrea</i> Sheppard, 1985	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Platygyra</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Plesiastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Solenastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
Family Trachyphylliidae Verrill, 1901									
<i>Trachyphyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
Family Oculinidae Gray, 1847									
<i>Galaxea</i> Oken, 1815	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	10
<i>Oculina</i> Gray, 1847	-	-	-	-	WA	EA	C	I	
<i>Simplastrea</i> Umbgrove, 1939	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Schizoculina</i> Wells, 1837	-	-	-	-	-	EA	C	I	
Family Meandrinidae Gray, 1847									
<i>Ctenella</i> Matthai, 1928	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Dendrogyra</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Dichocoenia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Eusmilia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	11
<i>Gyrosmlia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1851	WI	-	-	-	-	-	C	I	11
<i>Meandrina</i> Lamarck, 1801	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I	
<i>Montigyra</i> Matthai, 1928	-	EI	-	-	-	-	C	I	11
Family Merulinidae Verrill, 1866									
<i>Boninastrea</i> Yabe & Sugiyama, 1935	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Hydnophora</i> Fischer de Waldheim, 1807	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Merulina</i> Ehrenberg, 1834	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Paraclavarina</i> Veron, 1985	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	
<i>Scapophyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I	

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

Family Mussidae Ortmann, 1890								
<i>Acanthastrea</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Australomussa</i> Veron, 1985	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Blastomussa</i> Wells, 1961	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Cynarina</i> Brüggemann, 1877	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Indophyllia</i> Gerth, 1921	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Isophyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1851	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I
<i>Lobophyllia</i> de Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Mycetophyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I
<i>Micromussa</i> Veron, 2000	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Mussa</i> Oken, 1815	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I
<i>Mussismilia</i> Ortmann, 1890	-	-	-	-	WA	-	C	I
<i>Scolymia</i> Haime, 1952	WI	EI	WCP	-	WA	EA	C	I 12
<i>Symphyllia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
Family Pectiniidae Vaughan & Wells, 1943								
<i>Echinomorpha</i> Veron, 2000	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Echinophyllia</i> Klunzinger, 1879	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Mycedium</i> Oken, 1815	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Oxypora</i> Saville-Kent, 1871	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Pectinia</i> Oken, 1815	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I 13
Family Rhizangiidae d'Orbigny, 1851								
<i>Astrangia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	-	-	WA	EA	C	I
Suborder Caryophylliina Vaughan & Wells, 1943								
Family Caryophylliidae Gray, 1847								
<i>Heterocyathus</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	EI	WCP	EP	WA	-	C	I 14
Family Euphyllidae Veron, 2000								
<i>Catalaphyllia</i> Wells, 1971	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Euphyllia</i> Dana, 1846	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Nemanzophyllia</i> Hodgson & Ross, 1981	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Physogyra</i> Quelch, 1884	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Plerogyra</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	-	-	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
Suborder Dendrophylliina Vaughan & Wells, 1943								
Family Dendrophyllidae Gray, 1847								
<i>Balanophyllia</i> Wood, 1844	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	C	I
<i>Dendrophyllia</i> de Blainville, 1830	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	C	I
<i>Duncanopsammia</i> Wells, 1936	-	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Heteropsammia</i> Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
<i>Tubastraea</i> Lesson, 1829	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	C	I
<i>Turbinaria</i> Oken, 1815	WI	EI	WCP	-	-	-	C	I
Superclass Hydrozoa Owen, 1943								
Class Leptolida Haeckel, 1879								
Subclass Anthoathecatae Cornelius, 1992								
Order Capitata Kühn, 1913								
Superfamily Zancleoidea Russel, 1828								
Family Milleporidae Fleming, 1828								
<i>Millepora</i> Linnaeus, 1758	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	-	C	I

Table 1 (continued): List of extant reef coral genera with their presence or absence (-) in tropical oceanic regions, and their conservation status.

Subclass Athecatae Hincks, 1868									
Order Filifera Kühn, 1913									
Superfamily Hydractinioidea Bouillon, 1978									
Family Stylasteridae Gray, 1847									
<i>Distichopora</i> Lamarck, 1816	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	-	C	-	
<i>Stylaster</i> Gray, 1831	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	C	-	

- Cervera* occurs in the Indo-Pacific according to Fabricius & Alderslade (2001), but this may concern a yet undescribed genus. The original genus *Cervera* López-González, Ocaña, García Gómez & Núñez, 1995 (family Cornulariidae) includes two species from the East Atlantic (www4).
- Tixier-Durivault (1955) and Verseveldt and Ofwegen (1992) described *Alcyonium* species from shallow water of the tropical East Atlantic. They probably belong to yet undescribed genera.
- One assumedly invasive species is known from Brazil (Ofwegen, 2005).
- Isopora* was upgraded from subgenus to genus level and excluded from *Acropora* (Wallace *et al.*, 2007).
- Helioseris* Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849 has been synonymised with *Leptoseris* (Wells, 1956; Veron, 2000).
- Subgenera will likely be upgraded to genus level (Hoeksema, 1989; Gittenberger *et al.*, 2006).
- Diaseris* Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849 has been synonymised with *Cycloseris* (Hoeksema, 1989).
- A recently described monospecific Arabian Gulf endemic (Claereboudt & Al-Amri, 2004).
- Favia* species of the IWP and Atlantic may not be directly related (Fukami *et al.*, 2004).
- Acrhelia* Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849 was synonymised with *Galaxea* (Veron, 2000).
- Moved from the Caryophyllidae (Veron, 2000).
- Scolymia* species of the IWP and Atlantic may not be directly related (Fukami *et al.*, 2004).
- Physophyllia* Duncan, 1884 was synonymised with *Pectinia* (Veron, 2000).
- The record of *Heterocyathus* from the West Atlantic (Colombia) is very recent. It is as yet not officially published (Reyes and Santodomingo, 2004; Gracia *et al.*, 2004; Reyes *et al.*, in press).

BIOGEOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

There is strong resemblance between soft and hard coral genera with regard to their relative abundance in six major oceanic regions (Table 2). The West-Central Pacific (WCP) is the oceanic region that shows the highest concentrations of genera for both categories; it is also known as the Central-West Pacific (Cairns, 2006). The West and East Indian Ocean regions (WI, EI) are almost as rich as the West-Central Pacific with regard to hard coral genera but distinctly poorer with regard to soft coral genera. The East Atlantic (EA) and

the East Pacific (EP) are the poorest regions. The West Atlantic (WA) is twice as rich in comparison. On average, higher numbers of hard coral genera are represented in oceanic regions than soft coral genera. They have been investigated more intensively and this may be why they show wider distribution ranges (Table 3).

In a comparison of distribution ranges of reef coral genera it is obvious that Indo-West Pacific ranges (WI-EI-WCP) are most common (Table 3). A large majority of ranges includes the WCP

Table 2: Abundance of reef coral (sub)genera in six tropical oceanic regions explained in Table 1.

Region:	WI	EI	WCP	EP	WA	EA	Total number of representations in any oceanic region
Soft coral genera (n=126)	64	65	97	11	25	09	274
Hard coral genera (n=125)	84	91	99	17	32	14	336

Table 3: Numbers of soft and hard reef coral (sub)genera in distribution ranges over oceanic regions (see Table 1).

	Soft coral genera	Hard coral genera	Total
WI	2	7	9
WI-EI	0	1	1
WI-EI-WCP	54	56	110
WI-EI-WCP-EP	1	6	7
WI-EI-WCP-EP-WA	0	4	4
WI-EI-WCP-EP-WA-EA	1	6	7
EI	0	1	1
EI-WCP	8	12	20
	Soft coral genera	Hard coral genera	Total
EI-WCP-EP	0	0	0
EI-WCP-EP-WA	0	1	1
WCP	22	10	32
WCP-EP	0	0	0
EP	6	0	6
EP-WA	2	0	2
WA	13	14	27
WA-EA	1	3	4
EA	5	1	6
EA-WI	0	0	0
Disjunct ranges incl. WCP	11	4	1

region. There are some genera endemic to a single oceanic region, such as the West and East Indian Ocean (WI, EI) predominantly with regard to hard coral genera, whereas the West-Central Pacific (WCP), the East Pacific (EI), and the East Atlantic (EA) show dominance of endemic soft coral genera. In the West Atlantic (WA), endemic soft and hard coral are nearly equally represented. Genera represented by a pan-Indian Ocean range (**WI-EI**) are uncommon. Several genera range only from the East Indian Ocean into the West Central Pacific (**EI-WCP**), or only from the West to the East Atlantic (**WA-EA**), but no genera are known only across the Pacific (**WCP-EP**). A few genera are represented at both sides of the former Panama Seaway (**WI-EI-WCP-EP-WA**, **WI-EI-WCP-EP-WA-EA**, **EI-WCP-EP-WA**, **EP-WA**, **EP-WA-EA**), which ceased to exist in the Pliocene, while only seven genera with

circumtropical ranges (**WI-EI-WCP-EP-WA-EA**) have remained at both sides of former Tethys Sea (EA-WI) after its closure when Africa collided with Eurasia (Eocene - Late Miocene). Most coral genera showing disjunct ranges belong to the Alcyonacea, which may indicate that this group of soft corals has been studied less intensively.

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